Qqqqq Numb. 1974.

The Daily Courant.

Wednesday, April 25. 1711.

London, April 25.

REferring to the Courant of Friday last for the Beginning *of the ſuccinct and clear Account of the Differences between the Elector of* HANOVER *and the Chapter of* HILDESHEIM; here follows the *remaining Part* of that Account.

THE Siezure which his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover has newly cauſed to be made of the Effects found in his Dominions to belong to the Roman-Catholick Clergy of the Biſhoprick of Hildeſheim, happening a little before the Time the States of that Biſhoprick were to meet; his Electoral Highneſs hop'd that it would have oblig'd the Chapter to examine in that Aſſembly the Grievances of the Proteſtants, and to redreſs them. So that he was very much ſurpriz'd to underſtand that thoſe Grievances were indeed taken into Examination; but that nothing was done upon them, except that the Chapter pretended to juſtify themſelves in the Matter of two or three Grievances; and that the States having ſhewn that thoſe Grievances were abſolutely incompatible with the *Conſiſtorial Agreement*, the Chapter declared that that Agreement was not obligatory, and that they did not think themſelves bound by it.

The Entry of this their Declaration in the Regiſter of the Aſſembly of the States was in Terms importing, *That they do not look upon the Conſiſtorial Agreement to be obligatory, becauſe it was impoſed upon the Biſhop againſt his Will in the Year* 1651. Not content with this, the Chapter have written the ſame thing to his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover and to his moſt Serene Highneſs of Wolfenbuttel in Letters dated the 6th of February this preſent Year 1711, Subjoyning thereto a Copy of what was enter'd as aboveſaid in the Regiſter: Which plainly ſhews, that all the Hopes the Chapter had given of their redreſſing the Grievances, and obſerving the Compacts and Agreements, were illuſory, and deſign'd only to amuſe the Proteſtant States of the Empire, and particularly his Electoral Highneſs, while they went on to oppreſs the Proteſtants of the Biſhoprick, and to aboliſh the Compacts and Agreements on which all their Security is founded. Now as ſuch a Proceeding is contrary to natural Equity, and to all Manner of Right; and if it ſhould take Place there could never be any Truſt and Confidence between Men, and the Faith of Treaties would be utterly extinguiſh'd, his Electoral Highneſs Hopes it will not be thought ill of, that he grants the Proteſtants the Protection (founded on the Compacts and Agreements abovementioned) which they have implored from him; and that he inſiſts not only that the ſaid Compacts and Agreements may be inviolably obſerved, and that whatever has been done contrary to them may be redreſſed; but likewiſe that the Chapter give ſufficient Securities not to act in like Manner for the time to come; to the end the Proteſtants of the City and Biſhoprick of Hildeſheim may be ſafe from new Infractions, and may quietly enjoy their Rights.

The Proceeding of the Chapter is ſo odious, that his moſt Serene Highneſs the Duke of Wolfenbutrel (notwithſtanding he is a Roman Catholick) has expreſs'd his Diſſatisfaction with it, having ſent one of his Counſellors to Hildeſheim to make Complaints to the Chapter of the Letter he receiv'd from them, and of their Declaration enter'd in the Regiſter of the Aſſembly of the States againſt the Validity of the *Conſiſtorial Agreement*; demanding that the Grievances of Religion ſhould be forthwith redreſs'd, and the Compacts concluded with his Houſe owned to be obligatory, and declaring that till Satisfaction were given his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover, he would make it a common Cauſe with him.

'Tis not only in Affairs of Religion, but of civil Rights likewiſe, that the laſt Biſhop and the Chapter have laboured to ruine the Proteſtants of the Biſhoprick. This appear'd manifeſtly in the Right of Brewing, of which they have almoſt intirely depriv'd the City of Hildeſheim: And his Electoral Highneſs being Protector of that City, as were his Anceſtors; and the Compacts made with his Houſe importing, that the Inhabitants of the Biſhoprick, and particularly thoſe of the City, ſhould be maintain'd in the Poſſeſſion of their Rights as well Civil as Eccleſiaſtical, it becomes his Electoral Highneſs to give them the Benefit of his Protection in both the one and the other.

'Tis to be known, that the City of Hildeſheim, by Virtue of an antient Privilege which was granted to it by one of its Biſhops, ſtood poſſeſs'd a great Number of Years of furniſhing ſolely Beer to all the open Country of the Biſhoprick; but the laſt Biſhop and the Chapter, having ſet up Breweries in the Bailliages belonging to them, where were none before, made it impoſſible for the City to vend their Beer any longer in the open Country: This gave Occaſion for a long Suit before the Imperial Court, during which the Biſhop and Chapter extended their Uſurpations ſtill further, and finding Means to practice upon a Zeal for Religion againſt a City wholly Proteſtant, they at length obtain'd in 1700 an Imperial Sentence, by which 'twas decided that the City ſhould no longer enjoy the ſole Right of Brewing excluſive of the Biſhop and Chapter; but that the City ſhould for the future exerciſe that Right throughout the Biſhoprick joyntly with them; with this expreſs Reſervation, that the Biſhop and Chapter ſhould uſe their Right with ſuch Moderation, that the City might have a reaſonable Vent or Sale, and remain in a Condition to pay the Contributions to the Empire and to the Circle.

The Biſhop was quick to publiſh this Sentence throughout the Biſhoprick; but 'twas only out of Form, for he did not give himſelf the Trouble to execute it; and inſtead of ſuffering the City to partake joyntly the Right of Brewing, he and the Chapter engroſs'd to themſelves the whole Sale of Beer throughout the open Country, and exerciſed ſolely the Right of Brewing; ſo that for ſeveral Years the City has been permitted to vend one Ton of Beer in the Country, the Biſhop's Officers hindring the Victuallers and other Inhabitants of the open Country from furniſhing themſelves with it from the City. And this thoſe Officers did at firſt by private and indirect Means, but proceeded afterwards to do it by open Violence, as is evident from ſeveral Informations which the City has caus'd to be taken by Notaries before Witneſſes.

'Tis true the Chapter offers to renew the Publication of the Imperial Sentence; but as that will have no more Effect than the firſt Time, 'tis viſible the City will never be able to vend its Beer in the open Country, and to enjoy the Right adjudged to it by the Imperial Sentence, unleſs the Breweries are ſuppreſs'd that are newly ſet up in two Bailliages which being near the City are a greater hinderance to the free Sale of its Beer than all the reſt, and unleſs the City be allow'd to furniſh ſolely thoſe Bailliages with Beer: This will be a very ſmall matter in compariſon of the Right the City has to vend it joyntly with the Biſhop and Chapter throughout the Biſhoprick, which Right the City would on the Condition of furniſhing thoſe two Bailliages renounce. By this Expedient both Parties would enjoy the Benefit of the Imperial Sentence, of which Benefit the City would otherwiſe be depriv'd for ever.

'Tis material to obſerve, that 'twas not only from a Motive of Avarice that induc'd the laſt Biſhop and the Chapter to endeavour to ruine the City of Hildeſheim.

That City has certain Privileges, and among others the Right of keeping a Garriſon, of which the Chapter would deprive them; but as they cannot flatter themſelves to bring it about by direct Means, becauſe of the Intereſt his Electoral Highneſs and the whole Circle have therein, they endeavour it by oblique Ways, namely by depriving the City of the Means of maintaining a Garriſon, for thoſe Means ariſe from the Exciſe on Beer, and on the Profits the Inhabitants make by the Sale of it; ſo that being depriv'd of thoſe Means, the Chapter hopes they will be oblig'd by Inability to deſiſt voluntarily from the ſaid Right of keeping a Garriſon of their own, and to receive one that is dependent on the Biſhop, or on the Chapter. To this it muſt be added, that the Chapter and all the Roman Catholick Clergy of the Biſhoprick have nothing ſo much at Heart as to bring about a Change of Religion in the City: And as they find Obſtacles to it in the Compacts concluded with his Electoral Highneſs's Houſe, and even in the Treaty of Weſtphalia, they ſeek to compaſs it by ſubtle and unobſerved Methods, namely by contriving to reduce the Inhabitants to ſo great Poverty, that they may not only be unable to maintain their Churches and Schools, but ſeeing themſelves deſtitute of all Trade and Means of Subſiſting themſelves comfortably, they may let themſelves be perſwaded by Hope of ſome Advantages to abjure the Proteſtant Religion and embrace the Roman Catholick; which has already been the Caſe of many, and will be more ſo daily, if ſpeedy Means be not found to procure for the Citizens a free Sale of their Beer, which is their principal Means of ſubſiſting themſelves.

And leſt any ſhould imagine, that the Infantry which his Electoral Highneſs has put into Hildeſheim and Peine lay their Hands on the ordinary Revenues of the Biſhoprick, 'tis proper they ſhould be inform'd, that they

th ey are no Burthen at all to thoſe two Towns, being maintained out of his Electoral Highneſs's own military Cheſt: And as to his Electoral Highneſs's Troops in the open Country, they are not in the Bailliages of the Biſhoprick, but only in thoſe of the Chapter, and do not exact Subſiſtence either from the Peaſants or from the Cheſt of Contributions, nor even from the Demeſnes of the Biſhop; but are intirely at the Expence of the Chapter only, collecting their ordinary Pay, and no more, from three Bailliages belonging to the Chapter, of the Revenues of which Bailliages nothing was ever applied to the publick Uſes nor towards paying the Troops of the Biſhoprick; and when the Troops of his Electoral Highneſs in the ſaid three Bailliages demand any thing of their Hoſts, they pay for it ready Money. So that the Troops of his Electoral Highneſs do not touch the Cheſt of Contributions, which is the Fund for paying the Battallion that the Biſhoprick furniſhes to the Empire for its Contingent, and which is now garriſon'd in Fribourg. Nor do they touch the Demeſnes of the Biſhop, tho' they are at preſent adminiſter'd by the Chapter, and employed to whatever Uſe they pleaſe without giving any Account. And as to the Contributions ordinarily paid by the three Bailliages belonging to the Chapter, and by the nine Villages of the Provoſtſhip (which are the only Places where his Electoral Highneſs has Troops in the open Country,) thoſe Contributions are or may be collected now as formerly, his Electoral Highneſs has himſelf offer'd to cauſe the ſame to be collected, and to put the Money into the Cheſt of Contributions without any Deduction or Abatement.

After what has been ſaid, Men are left to judge whether his Electoral Highneſs can withdraw his Troops before the Chapter have given intire Satisfaction on the fore-recited Grievances, which are of ſuch Importance that the intire Ruine of the Proteſtants of the Biſhoprick depends thereon, and ſo notorious and publick that the Chapter it ſelf is obliged to acknowledge them; ſo that not being able to deny the Facts, they affirm that the Compacts and Agreements are not obligatory. They are left to judge, whether after ſo many Promiſes never executed, his Electoral Highneſs ought to take bare Words this time again, or whether he ought to admit ſome Expedient that may draw the Affair out into Length, and give Time to the Chapter to oppreſs more and more the Proteſtants of the Biſhoprick, and to reduce them to ſo ſmall a Number that they may appear no longer to deſerve any Regard. But if the Chapter will, as 'tis to be hoped, give his Electoral Highneſs the juſt Satisfaction he demands, with Security that they will for the future exactly obſerve the Compacts and Agreements, His Electoral Highneſs will not defer one Moment to withdraw his Troops, and to ſhew how groundleſs the Suggeſtion is (which is maliciouſly ſpread abroad) that he deſigns to appropriate the Biſhoprick to himſelf. Paſt Experience ought to cover his Electoral Highneſs from any ſuch Imputation; the Troops which were put into Hildeſheim in 1703 having been withdrawn, without his Electoral Highneſs's being conſcious he was then liable to any Reproach, except to that of having withdrawn them too ſoon, and of not having taken all Precautions to cure the evil ſo effectually then that there might have been no need of applying the ſame Remedy a ſecond Time.

" This Account affords Subject for many Reflections. But " I ſhall detain the Reader with this general Obſervation " only: That his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover, obſerving " from time to time the Violations of ſolemn Compacts, and " the ſubtle Steps taken by the Chapter and Roman-Catholick " Clergy of the Biſhoprick of Hildeſheim to ruine the Pro- " teſtants there, has juſtly and prudently interpoſed before " the latter were reduced to too ſmall a Number to " ſeem to deſerve any Regard, (*which is a deteſtable and " unmanly Argument for Oppreſſion.) At the ſame time, " foreſeeing the Chapter would raiſe a Clamour in the Dyet " at Ratiſbon, and pretend (as they have actually done) " that the Entrance of the Hanoverian Troops into the City " and Territories of Hildeſheim diſables that Biſhoprick from " furniſhing its Contingent to the Army of the Empire; His " Electoral Highneſs has obviated that odious Imputation, by " taking Care that thoſe Troops ſhall not touch the leaſt part " of the ordinary Revenues and Contributions out of which " that Biſhoprick furniſhes its Contingent.*

At the Deſire of ſeveral Ladies of Quality.

For the Benefit of Mr. Johnſon.

By her Majeſty's Company of Comedians.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, to Morrow being Thurſday, the 26th of April, will be preſented a Comedy, call'd, The Funeral; or, Grief A-la-Mode. Written by Captain Steele. The Part of Lord Brumpton by Mr. Keene, Lord Hardy Mr. Cibber, Mr. Campley Mr. Wilks, Mr. Trufty Mr. Mills, Mr. Sable Mr. Johnſon, Puzzle Mr. Eſtcourt, Trim Mr. Pinkethman, Lady Brumpton Mrs. Rogers, Lady Harriot Mrs. Oldfield, Lady Sharlot Mrs. Porter, Madam D'Ploge Mrs. Bicknell, Fardingale Mr. Norris, Kate Matchlock Mr. Bullock. And on Friday next will be preſented a Comedy, call'd, The Careleſs Husband, for the Benefit of Mrs. Bicknell.

At the Deſire of ſeveral Ladies of Quality,

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this preſent Wedneſday, being the 27th of April, will be preſented the laſt new Opera, call'd, Rinaldo.

Theſe Plays are ſold by J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and B. Lintott next Nando's Coffee-houſe, Temple-Bar.

AN Entertainment by Mr. CLINCH of BARNET, who imitates the Flute, Double Curtal, the Organ with 3 Voices, the Horn, Huntſman and Pack of Hounds, the Sham-Doctor, the Old Woman, the Drunken-Man, the Bells: All Inſtruments are perform'd by his natural Voice. To which is added an Eſſex Song by Mr. Clinch himſelf. To be ſeen this preſent Evening at 7 a Clock at the Swan Tavern on Fiſh-ſtreet-Hill by the Monument. Price 1s.

By the Command of ſeveral Ladies of Quality.

AT Punch's Theatre, alias Powell from Bath, at the 7 Stars in the Little Piazza Covent-Garden, being a Place Commodious and fit to receive the Nobility and Gentry of both Sexes, this preſent Wedneſday being the 27th of April, will be preſented the Hiſtory of King Bladud, the Founder of the Bath, with Curious Entertainments of Machinary, after the Athenian manner, that was in the laſt new Opera, call'd, The Britiſh Merlin, with Scignior Punchanello Encountring and Killing a Lion in the Amphi-Theatre. Beginning exactly at 6 a Clock. The Boxes 2 s. the Pit 1 s. No Perſons to be admitted with Maſks.

If any Perſon is willing to live in a Family as a Companion to a Gentleman, and can give a good Character of himſelf as to his Sobriety and Honeſty, and underſtands Bleeding, he is deſired to call at Lyon's Coffee-houſe near Doctor's-Commons, and he ſhall meet with Incouragement and know further.

Dropt on Friday the 19th Inſtant in or about the Court of Requeſts or Houſe of Lords, a large Venetian Ivory inlaid Snuff-Box, with a Silver Rim or Hoop, and the Picture of Andromeda painted on the Inſide of the Cover. Whoever brings it to Young-Man's Coffee-houſe at Charing-Croſs, or the Parliament Coffee-houſe in the Court of Requeſts, ſhall have a Guinea Reward.

The Boar's Head Tavern in Weſt-Smithfield is to be Lett. Inquire at the Ram-Inn there, or at Serle's Coffee-houſe Lincoln's-Inn.

On Kew Green near Richmond in Surrey, late the Seat of Sir Richard Levett, deceas'd; a large Brick Houſe 7 Rooms on a Floor, pleaſantly ſituated on the River Thames, with a Field and Grove leading thereto, Gardens, Green-Houſe, &c. Stands on 8 Acres of Ground, the Gardens well planted with Wall-Fruit, Greens and Flowers, Vaulted Cellars, Brew-houſe, 3 Coach-houſes, 2 Stables for 12 Horſes, a Dove-houſe well ſtock'd, and all other Conveniencies compleat, to be Lett for a Term of Years. Enquire of Mr. Creed on Kew-Green, or at Mr. Richard Levett's in Maiden-Lane, London. Note, There is about 13 Acres of good Paſture-ground with a Garden near the Premiſes, which will be Lett with the Houſe, if deſired.

Bibliotheca Bernardiana: Or, a Catalogue of the Library of the late Charles Bernard, Eſq; Serjeant Surgeon to her Majeſty, containing a curious Collection of the beſt Authors in Phyſick, Hiſtory, Philology, Antiquities, &c. With ſeveral MSS. Ancient and Modern, which will continue to be ſold by Auction this Day the 25th Inſtant, at the Black-Boy Coffee-houſe in Ave-Maria Lane, near Endgate-ſtreet. [Beginning Page 178. Livres Francois, Fol. N° 510.] Catalogues to be had at Mr. Batema n's in Pater Noſter-Row, and the Place of Sale. N.B. The Livres Francois, Libri Italiani, and Libros Eſpannolos, will be all ſold this Evening.

This is to acquaint the Curious, That the late Lady Stroud's Pictures, being an excellent Collection done by great Maſters, will be ſold by Auction this Day the 25th Inſtant, at her late Dwelling-Houſe the upper end of Hatton-Garden, a Hatchment being over the Door. The Sale to begin at 10 in the Morning: Catalogues to be had at the Place of Sale.

For SALE by the CANDLE.

At Lloyd's Coffee-houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, on Friday the 27th Inſtant, at 3 in the Afternoon, The Ship St. James, Burthen about 170 Tons, Engliſh Built, 4 Guns, Square-Sterned, whereof Captain Daniel Morris is at preſent Commander, and lying in Lime-houſe Hole. Inventorys to be ſeen on Board the ſaid Ship, at the Place of Sale, and at George Grabham's, Broker, in Caſtle-Alley at the Weſt-end of the Royal Exchange; where Merchants may alſo have their Ships and Goods Inſured.

There is to be Sold at very low Rates at Mr. Everell's, Watch-maker, at the Unicorn and Dyal up one Pair of Stairs near Strand-Bridge, all ſorts of Muſlin Cravats and Hollands, and Cambricks for Handkerchiefs, being the Goods of ſeveral Perſons that fail'd. The Cravats are put up 3 in a Paper, and the Price mark'd upon each Parcel.

Neat Red and White Port Wine, For Sale by Retaile.

A great Quantity of excellent and fine Red and White Port Wine, fit to Bottle, lying in 2 large Vaults in Suffolk-Lane in Cannon-ſtreet, under the late Dwelling-houſe of Mr. Nathaniel Wood, near Merchant Taylor's School. The ſaid Wines are to be ſold at 14 l. per Hogſhead, and by Retaile at 5 s. per Gallon: No leſs Quantity than one Gallon. At the ſame Place there is alſo ſeveral ſorts of Spaniſh and Portugal Snuff to be Sold, the Spaniſh from 5 s. to 8 s. per Pound, and the Portugal at 16 s. per Pound.

A Sale of Wine continued by Wholeſale or Retaile.

Curious deep bright and ſtrong French Clarets; alſo curious deep bright and ſtrong Villa Nova Barcelona Red, and White Oporto Wine: All perfect fine and fit to Bottle. The Claret at 6 s. per Gallon, the Villa Nova Red and White Oporto Wine at 5 s. per Gallon: No leſs Quantity than one Gallon. To be ſeen and taſted in a Vault under the Houſe of Mr. Saunderſon's, Merchant, next Door but one to the Riſing-Sun in St. Sweethin's-lane, that Road leading into Cannon-ſtreet. Attendance is given every Day till all the Wines is ſold.

New Muſick, juſt Publiſh'd.

All the Songs ſet to Muſick in the laſt new Opera call'd, Rinaldo: Together with the Symphonys and Ritornels in a Compleat Manner, as they are Perform'd at the Queen's Theatre. Compos'd and exactly Corrected by Mr. George Friderick Handell. Printed for J. Walſh, Servant in ordinary to her Majeſty at the Harp and Hoboy in Katherine-ſtreet in the Strand, and J. Hare at the Viol and Flute in Cornhill near the Royal Exchange.

LONDON, Printed by *Sam. Buckley*, at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*; and Sold by *A. Baldwin* in *Warwick-Lane*.